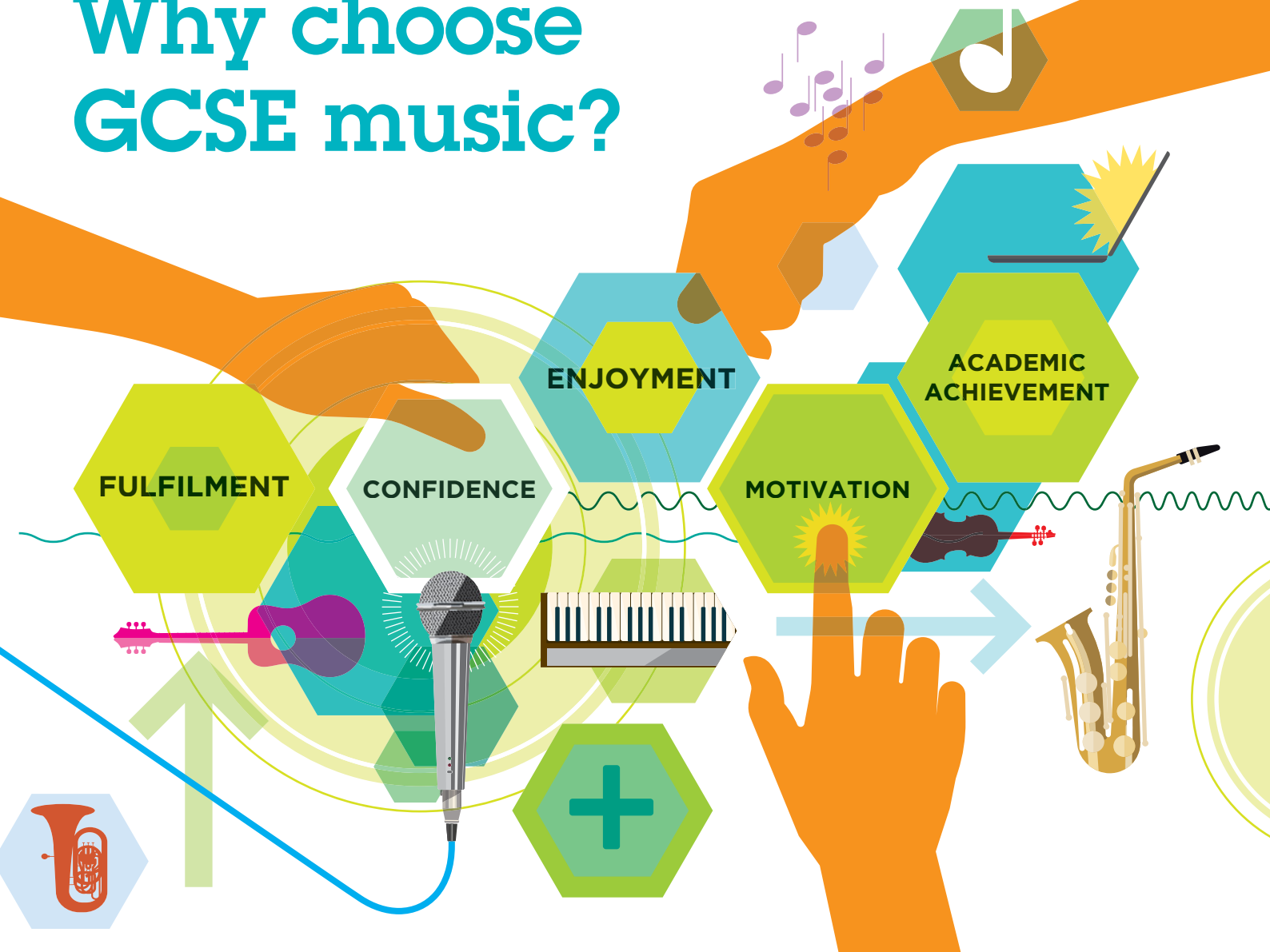


Why choose GCSE music?



Whatever your hopes for your child's final years of study at school, GCSE music is a wise choice.

If they have a passion for a subject, they're much more likely to enjoy their study and be motivated to revise and practise.

Yet there are so many other reasons why they'll benefit from studying music.

Read on to find out more, and learn about what's involved in GCSE music.



here to support your child, you, and your child's school
www.wiltshiremusicconnect.org.uk/families
info@wiltshiremusicconnect.org.uk

  search for **Wiltshire Music Connect**



What are the benefits of GCSE music?



Music is an academic subject in its own right, but it actually benefits other subjects too.

A recent study in the UK found that playing a musical instrument appears to enhance general performance in other subjects at GCSE¹. Other studies have shown that music benefits learning by activating all areas of the brain²: auditory (sound processing); motor (rhythm processing); and limbic (emotions).

So by choosing music, your child could actually be improving their chances of doing well in their other subjects – including those within the Ebacc.

It will provide transferable skills

GCSE music involves written, analytical, practical and social/personal skills such as:

- independent learning: having to be disciplined about practising on their instrument or voice
- team working: particularly if they're involved in weekly groups or ensembles, concerts and performances
- performance and presentation skills which are useful for any job/career
- listening: this is highly developed in musicians and it is an important part of the course
- analytical and essay-writing skills
- confidence and self-esteem: which has a knock-on effect in all areas of life and learning
- creativity and self-expression: helping young people to think differently and harness the power of their imagination

Find out more about the benefits of music:
www.wiltshiremusicconnect.org.uk/whymusic

Making music can help a young person maintain good mental health during a time of high pressure.

Research has shown that music can improve mood and prompt creative flow, which helps with anxiety and self-doubt. It can also help young people to regulate their emotions³.

Both employers and universities see creative subjects as assets.

Increasingly, employers and universities are looking for young people who have skills that are learned through creative subjects: creative thinking, emotional intelligence, adaptability, communication and tenacity to name just a few⁴. And universities are keen to attract students who have a well-rounded education and achieve good results, no matter what the subject.

“Many of my students – particularly those who may struggle on a day-to-day basis in other areas of the school, or with their mental health – leave their music lessons far happier and less stressed than when they came in. They go to their next lessons with a positive attitude and a different outlook, because they have been totally absorbed in their music.”

**Francesca Roach, Head of Music
The John Bentley School.**

There is usually only one exam – the rest is course work.

This takes the pressure off revision during those critical weeks where they will have many other exams.

Finally, and perhaps most importantly: students are more likely to succeed and achieve a higher grade if they study something they are good at, and enjoy.⁵

Studying music opens doors to many opportunities.

Don't let them close before your child has a chance to explore.

¹ The impact of instrumental music learning on attainment at 16
bit.ly/musicandGCSEresults

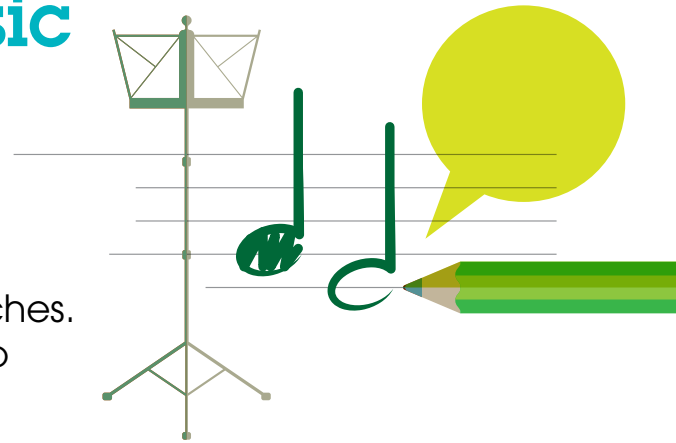
² How playing an instrument benefits your brain bit.ly/musicbrainvideo

³ Search 'mental health' on Music Education Works bit.ly/musicedworks

⁴ Creative subjects and 'work ready' skills ind.pn/2Fxdp0q; Creative Industries Federation report on the importance of creative and cultural learning bit.ly/creativeeducationskills

⁵ Choosing A-levels for law bit.ly/picksubjectsbestat

FAQs about GCSE music



Each school has different criteria and approaches. Do talk to the Head of Music/Performing Arts to find out the specifics for your child's school.

What standard do they need to have reached?

Ideally, they'll need to be Grade 3 or 4 standard on an instrument (or voice) by the end of the course.

Can a student take it if they're not currently having instrumental lessons?

Ideally they'll have lessons, but exceptions can be made if they're at a high standard and practise regularly, particularly for vocalists. If money is an issue, or if your child is looked-after, entitled to Pupil Premium/free school meals, or has special educational needs or disabilities, we can help, with subsidies of up to 100%

See www.wiltshiremusicconnect.org.uk/families

What if they don't read music, having learnt by ear?

Some schools will allow a student who can't read music to take GCSE, as this is taught within the course, and they may help by providing software for composing and scoring music.

What if they don't play an instrument or sing, but use music technology, or rap/beatbox?

It's still possible to take GCSE music, as these are all options on every GCSE music specification – but this will vary from school to school.

Would they be able to do A-level music if they don't take GCSE?

Possibly. They are more likely to be able to if they continue learning music outside of school. However, the decision will ultimately rest with the Head of Music/Performing Arts, so talk to them to find out.

What will they learn?

There are usually three main areas of study: **Performance, Composition, Listening and Appraising**. Students will learn about a range of types of music, including vocal, instrumental, music for film, pop, jazz, fusion, and new music.

Performance

30% of final score.

Students give a performance for a minimum four minutes, including at least one minute of a group piece (ensemble playing).

Composition

30% of final score.

Students create two compositions. In the first year of the course, they compose a piece of their choice. In the second, the piece is set by the exam board, usually from a choice of options.

Listening and appraising/understanding

40% of the final score.

This is the only exam and is usually one and a half hours. Students are asked to listen to, and answer questions about, set works they've studied during the course. They then do the same for previously unheard pieces.

When will we need to apply?

Most schools have GCSE information evenings in the spring term of the academic year before students start their GCSEs. You'll probably need to apply for the course in the Feb/March before the course starts.

Often, schools won't know if they will have enough students to be able to run the course, until they have received everyone's applications.

FAQs about GCSE music

continued

Where could GCSE music lead?

If they continue with their studies, they could choose from a range of different subjects

They may choose to continue with music, by studying A-level or BTEC music or performing arts. But equally, they might want to study other subjects. Either way, choosing music at GCSE will have benefited them because it provides transferable skills (see page 2).

If they don't want to study music beyond GCSE, it is still a smart choice.

It can open doors to a range of education and employment pathways in:

Music

Being a musician isn't the only career in music – other options include being a sound technician, community musician, music therapist, teacher, or private tutor, or a range of careers in the music industry, in a concert hall or music venue.

The arts/creative industries

This might include work in film, TV, theatre, radio, arts administration, or creative education.

Professions such as medicine, law, accountancy

Music is highly regarded as an academic subject and so could complement your other studies in leading to a professional career.

Any other pathway a young person might choose

GCSE Music provides a range of transferable skills that will provide a good foundation, whatever pathway your child chooses.

Students in Wiltshire have gone on to many and varied pathways following GCSE music, ranging from primary school teacher to mountain leader!



MYTH BUSTED: Music does not stop you getting into a profession such as law or medicine.

See our other **Why Music?** resources – including an A-level leaflet: wiltshiremusicconnect.org.uk/whymusic/

We are very grateful to the following stakeholders who helped us to create these leaflets by providing invaluable feedback:

Francesca Roach, Head of Music, The John Bentley School
Emma North, Head of Music & Performing Arts, Kingdown School

We'd love to have your feedback on this leaflet: info@wiltshiremusicconnect.org.uk

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Wiltshire Music Connect is the music education hub for Wiltshire: connecting all children and young people with musical opportunities. Because music is excellent for developing young minds.

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